The educational component “Teaching methodology of social and health-care educational sector” under quarantine restrictions

Abstract

The article reveals the theoretical and practical aspects of the organization of blended learning of future primary school teachers under quarantine caused by COVID-19. On the example of the educational component “Teaching methodology of social and health-care educational sector” the article describes the peculiarities of organizing the educational process in blended format, namely providing examples of tasks that allow to form civic and social competencies of first-level higher education students under the conditions of new time challenges. The article focuses on the specificities of working in the virtual learning environment Moodle, summarizes own teaching experience of training of educational component “Teaching methodology of social and health-care educational sector”. The author’s method of structuring and content of the educational component is proposed, which is reflected in the textbook. The necessity of using digital tools Canva, Padlet, Coggle for organizing group work during blended learning under quarantine conditions caused by COVID-19 is considered and also the samples of tasks to be completed by future primary school teachers are provided.

Written by: Alla Kramarenko109
https://orcid.org/0000-0003-3922-4979
Katerina Stepaniuk110
https://orcid.org/0000-0002-5379-8402
Igor Bogdanov111
https://orcid.org/0000-0002-3035-7989
Hanna Alieksieieva112
https://orcid.org/0000-0003-3204-3139
Urszula Kempińska113
https://orcid.org/0000-0003-1922-8219

109 Doctor of Pedagogical Sciences, Professor, The Head of the Department of elementary Education, Berdiansk State Pedagogical University, Berdiansk, Ukraine.
110 PhD of Pedagogical Sciences, Associate Professor, Berdiansk State Pedagogical University, Berdiansk, Ukraine.
111 Doctor of Pedagogical Sciences, Professor, Rector of Berdiansk State Pedagogical University, Berdiansk, Ukraine.
112 PhD of Pedagogical Sciences, Associate Professor, Berdiansk State Pedagogical University, Berdiansk, Ukraine.
113 Dr, Director of the Institute of Pedagogy, Cuiavian University in Włocławek, Poland.

DOI: https://doi.org/10.34069/AI/2022.49.01.28
given. The article presents the results of a survey of applicants for the first level of higher education program 013 Primary Education, which show that students have a generally positive attitude to using digital tools Canva, Padlet, Coggle, as it positively influences the formation of their professional competence and the formation of their own methodological system. The author's method suggested in this article is incomplete and is continually being improved in accordance with time challenges.

**Keywords:** professional training, future teachers, educational component, educational-research tasks, blended learning, digital tools, Moodle platform.

**Introduction**

At the beginning of 2020, in conjunction with the global pandemic and quarantine restrictions distance technologies were launched as one of the main thrusts of reform and strategic development of the education system around the world (Adams, 2020; Germann et al, 2019; UNESCO, 2020). Therefore, the demand for online learning and the digitalization of the education system is growing as ever. As a result, the Ministry of Education and Science of Ukraine has recommended higher education institutions to organize the educational process remotely. This is stated in the Recommendations to make changes to the educational process timetable and the classes schedule.

UNESCO statistics on the mass transition to distance learning in a pandemic show that as of April 2020 only 53% of teachers in developed countries had experience of online teaching (UNESCO, 2020). In Ukraine, according to the government, less than 30% of Ukrainian children could qualitatively study in quarantine, and only about 20% of teachers were ready for distance learning (Lytvyn, 2020).

The report of the World Economic Forum identifies new models of education for the School of the Future in preparation for the Fourth Industrial Revolution. In particular, it is emphasized that Education 4.0 should be aimed at developing 8 skill sets, including digital and technological (World Economic Forum, 2020). The New Ukrainian School requires a teacher able to develop 10 key competences, including civic and social competences (New Ukrainian school, 2017).

Thus, the challenges of the time require new approaches to the training of future primary school teachers and the formation of new forms of cooperation between teachers and students using online tools under a Global pandemic and quarantine restrictions (Apshay et. al., 2021).

**Literature Review**

The problem of training teachers for primary schools has always been a topical issue, and many educators have devoted a large volume of their research to solving this problem: Koval (2020), Kramarenko and Stepaniuk (2021), Bezlyudna and Dudnyk (2021) and others.

The problem of training a primary school teacher for distance learning practice is described by N. Bezlyudna & N. Dudnyk (2021); the problem...
of training a primary school teacher for distance learning practice is described by N. Bezlyudna & Dudnyk (2021); professional training of future English language teachers by means of distance learning in universities of the Republic of Poland is outlined by A. Shetepura (2018); psychological and pedagogical foundations of teachers’ and students’ readiness to use distance learning tools in foreign experience are presented in studies by G. Chorab (2016), A. Postola (2017).

The problem of training future teachers for the primary level of general secondary education becomes especially relevant in connection with the implementation of (Hrynevych, 2016) and the updated State Standard of Primary Education (Decree No. 87, 2018).

One of the main tasks of training future teachers of the New Ukrainian School is to form the ability to organize the purposeful formation of competencies, to ensure content integration (intra- and interdisciplinary) on the basis of key competencies, not by mechanistic integration of subjects, but by aligning the content of education with the sensitive periods of learning, the specifics of perception of new information, etc. (Hrynevych, 2016).

This requires higher education institutions to find ways of improving the professional training of students studying in the 013 Primary Education programs (Chuchalina et. al., 2021).

Thus, according to the educational program 013 Primary Education of the first level of higher education, future primary school teachers have to possess knowledge, practical skills and teaching methods and capably use them in solving pedagogical, educational and scientific-methodological tasks in primary school.

The aim of the article is to discuss the peculiarities of professional methodological training of primary school teachers in the conditions of distance learning at Berdiansk State Pedagogical University on the example of the course “Teaching methodology of social and health-care educational sector” (Kramarenko & Stepaniuk, 2021).

Methodology

In working on the study, we used the following methods. Theoretical: analysis of the initial base of the remote organization of the educational process; synthesis, generalization, comparison - to reveal the features of professional training of future teachers in the conditions of mixed and distance learning; modeling - to adapt the design of the course “Methods of teaching social and health education” to the conditions of distance learning. Empirical: diagnostic (assessment of independent work of students of higher educational institutions) - to determine the ability to use online tools Canva, Padlet, Coggle.

Results and Discussion

The methodological support of the training process of future primary school teachers includes designing and conducting various types of educational activities in the disciplines of the professional training cycle of education program 013 Primary Education in the conditions of blended and distance learning (Koval & Kramarenko, 2020).

In the circumstances of the pandemic we have to react and adapt to time challenges very quickly, that is why we believe that one of the most efficient ways to organize distance learning is to work with complete educational and methodological complex of the course in the system of e-learning (based on Moodle platform) of Berdiansk State Pedagogical University (https://edu.bdpu.org/course/view.php?id=279).

Within the article we will consider the tasks we have developed for practical and self-study work for first-level higher education students in the course “Teaching methodology for social and health-care education sector” (Stepaniuk, 2021).

The work organization on the platform allows systematic and holistic learning of the course and facilitates the organization of interaction between the teacher and students through easy file sharing; setting of time limits for the completion of tasks; rapid organization of educational discussion of tasks; a user-friendly automated system for assessment of students’ assignments; the option of individual communication between the tutor and the student; control of student activity and their study hours in the network; course structuring, thematic units, etc.

The potential of the distance learning platform makes it possible to define new competencies and functions of the teacher in the educational process – he/she becomes a tutor, a facilitator, as interacts with students online, organizes their online workspace using the platform's infrastructure, develops educational material, defines goals and creates course content, provides guidelines on how to work with the information in the network, etc (Hurenko et. al., 2017; Koufou & Tsilichristou, 2014).
To optimize, intensify and diversify the educational process it is recommended to use various electronic resources, offering students a variety of tasks for processing, reproducing and presenting learning material.

Below we will look at the peculiarities of professional methodological training of higher education students under distance learning conditions (based on the Moodle platform) through the example of the course “Teaching methodology of social and health-care educational sector”.

Under quarantine restrictions, we adapted the design of the course “Teaching methodology of social and health-care educational sector” to the environment of distance learning and implemented it for the 3rd year students of The Faculty of Psychological and Pedagogical Education and Arts. The design of the discipline was focused on achieving its goal: mastering the program learning outcomes and the formation of professional competencies and personal qualities of future primary school teachers.

The course consists of lectures on the Zoom platform, tasks for practical, self-study and individual work on the Moodle platform. All of the tasks were adapted to the distance learning conditions. Each of them had its own grading criteria, which were announced to the students at the beginning of the course and specified in the syllabus.

We present some samples of tasks for self-study, which are appropriate for first-level higher education students in the 013 Primary Education program. The tasks are available on the Moodle education platform (https://edu.bdpu.org/course/view.php?id=279):

1. Summarize the experience of educators-practitioners in organizing a health-care educational environment in the New Ukrainian School, identifying the similarities and differences in their work. Identify innovative approaches and assess their level of novelty (Figure 1).

![Figure 1](https://example.com/figure1.png)

*Figure 1. An example of using the coogle service.*

2. Using the Coogle service (https://coggle.it), create a mind map of the definition of “health” (Gorbatyuk et. al., 2019; Krauthausen, 2013; Kravchenko, 2018).

3. Develop a script for a morning meeting for 1st graders (choose your own topic of the week) and prepare to simulate it with your group of students.

4. Select games (at least 5) that contribute to the development of auditory and locomotor-movement attention, switching children from one type of activity to another in the course “I explore the world” (Figure 2).

![Figure 2](https://example.com/figure2.png)


6. Develop information for a project for primary school pupils on “How does advertising influence choice of products?” in the course “I explore the world”. Post the information on the Padlet virtual board (https://uk.padlet.com) (Jaros, 2012).
Thus, under the conditions of quarantine restrictions, the self-study of higher education students acquires specific features and requires the use of online tools (Josefsson et. al., 2019). The tasks we have developed are effective for the formation of professional competencies and readiness of future primary school teachers to work in the New Ukrainian School in the classroom, distance and blended learning as they contribute to more conscious, independent and creative mastery of indirect interaction services in the educational process.

Figure 2. An example of using the Canva service.

Within the course “Teaching methodology of social and health-care educational sector” we also use educational and research tasks, that involve higher education students to understand the problem situation, identify the main contradiction, implement the process of solving the problem, proving the correctness of conclusions and more. The system of didactic tasks is based on the levels of cognitive independence of future teachers which integrate quantitative and qualitative features of self-study work (Shchetynina et. al., 2019; Kordaki & Kakavas, 2017). Qualitative changes in the nature of the conclusions that lead to the solution of the problem play a dominant role here. Levels of cognitive independence can be considered as a means of managing the development of students' cognitive activity and diagnosing their cognitive abilities (Prokopenko et. al., 2020).

It should be noted that the formulation of these tasks for higher education students consists of the following stages:

1. Problem definition in the question or task form.
2. Discussing options for solving the problem, instructing on completing the task.
3. Implementation of the chosen solution to the problem.
5. Discussion of work results, error correction.
6. Using search results when studying new material or solving another problem.

As a rule, such tasks serve as a means of individuating the training of primary school teachers, develop motivation for educational activity, and provide mastering of research creativity.

We have proposed the following sequence of educational and research tasks:

- identify the problem for formulating the task conditions, based on the concepts of national and international pedagogy;
- devise ways of solving the problem;
- argue the feasibility of each variant.

Following is a brief overview of the proposed educational-research tasks, which we use in the
process of professional training of future primary school teachers within the study of the course “Teaching methodology of social and health-care educational sector”.

Here are some samples for introduction.

Educational-research task 1. Analyze the video recordings of the lessons “I explore the world” course and find out how the competence-based approach to the formation of life skills of primary school pupils was realized in the educational process.

Educational-research task 2. Elaborate the requirements for registration of research results and project presentation script “The ABC of Nutrition”.

Educational-research task 3. Give examples of topics for different types of projects in the course “I explore the world”. Supplement them with other attributes (the nature of the contacts, the duration of the activity, the number of participants). For each characterized type of project identify the problem, formulate the goal and task, indicate the interdisciplinary links, propose the option of designing the project results and its practical relevance (Kramarenko & Stepaniuk, 2021).

Completing of these tasks allowed to stimulate the cognitive processes and activity of future primary school teachers and ensured the formation of theoretical style of students’ thinking, the training of research methods, and the development of professionally significant qualities of the personality under distance learning conditions.

When completing such tasks, students make assumptions about ways to solve a problematic situation, summarize previously acquired knowledge, discover the causes of situations, explain their origin, and choose the most rational solution for a problematic situation. The teacher must lead this process at all stages, including through questions-prompts.

Therefore, educational and research tasks are effective for the formation of professional competencies and readiness of future primary school teachers to work in distance learning conditions, as they contribute to a more conscious and self-directed mastery of the future pedagogical activity (Popa et. al., 2015).

In the context of the implementation of the new State Standard for Primary Education, it is important to draw the attention of future primary school teachers to the necessity of changing the spatial environment, programs and teaching tools in the New Ukrainian School.

At the demands of the time, the Berdiansk State Pedagogical University has established a primary education laboratory to reproduce the New Ukrainian School’s educational environment for training students of the first and second levels of higher education according to educational programs 013 Primary Education. The lecturers of the Department of Primary Education at BSPU have developed their own design for the laboratory, taking into account the color scheme between walls, furniture, appropriate classroom equipment, sun shutters and individual desks, which can be easily combined into various combinations for pair and group activities. In the conditions of blended learning lectures are conducted by teachers in the laboratory, which enables to demonstrate the techniques of working with didactic material in the laboratory educational environment through video conferencing on the Zoom platform.

Conclusions

Based on the analysis of scientific sources, studying and summary of pedagogical experience we have reached the following conclusions. This study has shown that in the context of quarantine restrictions during a worldwide pandemic, it is important to effectively organize the distance work of higher education students. For this purpose, we have proposed the author's approach to work in the virtual learning environment Moodle on the educational component “Teaching methodology of social and health-care educational sector”. The use of digital tools Canva, Padlet, Coggle for the organization of group work of students during the blended learning period indicates an increased interest of higher education students in their future professional activities and the formation of their own portfolio of creative works, in particular, this is achieved through the completion of educational and research tasks.

The author's method for training the educational component “Teaching methodology of social and health-care educational sector” proposed in the article is not complete and is constantly being improved over time, especially under the quarantine conditions caused by COVID-19. It can be recommended as an effective workable method in the training of future teachers in general, and primary school in particular.
Bibliographic references


Vydavnychyi building of Melitopolskai printing house, 193.
https://dspace.bdpu.org/bitstream/123456789/4418/1/Metodyka%20navchannya%20sotsial%CA%B9noyi%20ta%20zdrav%20ye%20erezhuval%CA%B9noyi%20osvitn%CA%B9oyi%20haluzi%2020v%20pochatkovi%20shkoli.pdf


